STAL Present Perfect

Angela Green, the Canadian scientist, has written over 40 books during her career. She finished her PhD when she was 26 and since then has taught in many different countries, including the USA, China and Australia. She was at a conference in Rome last week and said that her favourite university was Oxford. "I went there five years ago to open the Newton Research Institute." She has won several prizes for her research, including three prestigious Darwin Awards. She won the first Darwin Award in 2002 for her work on evolution.

<u>Put the verbs in the correct tense:</u> <u>Present Perfect or Simple Past</u>.

Name.....

Grammar questions

- Underline the verbs/ times in the Simple Past *finished ... when she was 26*
- All the other verbs are in the Present Perfect Complete this rule: The Present Perfect is formed with auxiliary

+ the_____

What is the difference between the following pairs of sentences? Why are different tenses used?

She **has written** over 40 books. Darwin **wrote** several books.

She **has taught** in many different countries. Newton **taught** at Cambridge University.

She **has won** several prizes. Marie Curie **won** a Nobel Prize.

Look at the text about Angela Green

Here are the answers to some questions Write in the questions.

- a. How many.....? Over 40.
- b. When.....? When she was 26.
- c. When.....? Last week.
- d.? Three.

e.? In 2002

Make similar questions about Tony Brown.

<u>Rule</u>: The Present Perfect expresses an action that happened <u>at some time before now.</u> The Simple Past expresses an action that happened <u>at a definite time in the past</u>.

In the laboratory

- a 'Haven't you left uet?'
- b 'No. I've been here ______ 8.00 this morning.'
- c 'Have you checked the results of the experiment
- d 'Yes, I've done that.'
- e 'We've worked on this project ______ three weeks. Unfortunately we haven't discovered anything interesting
- f 'No, nothing has happened _____ last Tuesday.'
- g 'Yes, I know. I've seen your report.' and they have been got added they added they have been got added they added they have been got added to be added added to be added added to be added to
- h 'So l'm going to do the experiment again. But I haven't started it
- i 'Don't bother. I've ______ started it. I haven't checked _____, but I think we're of time to to the process going to get the same results.'

since - yet -for - already

Complete the sentence with have been or have gone.

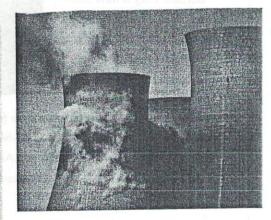
- a Two scientists from a laboratory in Oxford a have gone to Antarctica, and will stay there for three months. They b ______ there to investigate the effects of global warming on the polar ice. Colleagues in Oxford, who c ______ to Antarctica on earlier expeditions, will keep in touch with them by radio.
- b A team from London has arrived in China. They d there to join a project which is searching for the fossil remains of dinosaur eggs. 'We e (not) ______ to China before,' said team leader Mark Jones, 'though two of us f______ to the USA where there is a similar project.'
- c A dangerous spider is missing from a private zoo in Manchester. 'Herbie is a Brazilian wandering spider, and we're not sure where he g _____' said spokesperson Anne here long. Graham. 'He only arrived in the zoo last month, so he h (not) A lot of children i ______ to the zoo in the past few days, and we are worried that someone has taken Herbie, or that he j ______ out in somebody's pocket, and they don't know about it.'

Read the text about climate change. Choose the correct form, A or B, to complete the sentence.

At the moment, scientists agree that the world's climate a B warmer over the past 50 years, but they disagree about the causes. Some believe that human activities b climate change. They argue that for 1,000 or 2,000 years before 1850, when records c, the temperature was more or less stable. Short warm or cold periods d during that time, but the climate always e to the same level. and more fossil fuels, such as coal and oil. In 1800 the atmosphere g around 280 parts per million of carbon dioxide (CO₂). Since then there han increase of about 31%. This extra carbon dioxide i the world's temperature because of the greenhouse effect.

Other scientists disagree that human activities over the past 50 years global warming. They point out that volcanoes and other 0 8054 activity I _____ a rise in CO, of only three per cent.

In 1999, 156 countries m the Kyoto protocol, part of a United Nations agreement on climate change, which n _____ into force in 2005. They o to reduce their emissions of CO, and other greenhouse gases, although so far, some countries, such as the USA and Australia, p any action.



а	A became	B has become
b	A caused	B have caused
с	A began	B have begun
	A occurred	B have occurred
е	A returned	B has returned
f	A burned	B have burned
q	A contained	B has contained
-	A was	B has been
i	A raised	B has raised
i	A caused	B have caused
k	A always	B have always
	released	released
1	A contributed	B has contributed
m A signed		B have signed
	A came	B has come
0	A agreed	B have agreed
	A did not take	B have not taken